

#### Health Care Reform: Employer Group Health Plan Considerations

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#### Background

- The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act of 2010 (PPACA)
  - Signed March 23, 2010
- Amended by the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010 (Reconciliation)
  - Signed March 30, 2010
- Jointly referred to as the "Healthcare Reform Law"
- Confusing to put together
- Requires significant regulatory guidance

# Background (cont.)

- Focused, like its predecessor in MA, on expanding coverage
  - Not on reducing cost
- Keys:
  - Requires coverage/some subsidies
  - Insurance reform
  - Employer mandate

# Background (cont.)

- Today's focus is on near-term requirements and changes for employer group health coverage
- Will focus later on 2014 and beyond
  - Still a ways off
  - Many election cycles (with resulting twists and turns) between now and 2014

#### **Immediate Impact**

- Retiree Drug Subsidy Taxation
  - Loss of deduction for subsidy; immediate accounting hit
  - May drop plans/move to Employer Group Waiver Plan
- Early Retiree Medical Reinsurance Program
  - \$5 billion reinsurance fund for retirees aged 55 through 64
  - 80% of annual claims between \$15,000 and \$90,000

# Immediate Impact (cont.)

- Small Employer Tax Credit
  - Generally 25 or fewer employees with average full-time wages under \$50,000
  - Must subsidize, on a uniform basis, at least 50% of the cost of the coverage
  - Credit paid in full for employers with 10 or fewer full-time equivalent employees (and average wages of \$25,000) and phases out as employer size and average wage increases

## First Plan Year Beginning After September 23, 2010

- Adult Child Coverage Until Age 26
  - Tax-free
  - Until the 2014 plan year, plans can require that the child not be eligible to enroll in another employer group health plan
  - "Adult Child" is an individual who is a son, daughter, stepson, stepdaughter, or legally adopted or eligible foster child of the employee

End of full-time student verification processes,
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- Preexisting Condition Exclusions
  - Prohibits the application of preexisting condition exclusions for plan years beginning on or after January 1, 2014
  - Begins six months after enactment for children who are under age 19
  - Does not clearly require allowing such children into coverage/but expected in regulations

- Lifetime Maximums
  - Prevents health plans from applying a lifetime maximum on benefits that are essential health benefits
- Annual Maximum
  - May initially apply some limits to essential benefits as long as those limits will not violate other federal or state laws
  - May not impose any annual limits on essential health benefits, effective for plan years beginning after December 31, 2013

- Prohibition on Rescissions
  - Prevents health plans from rescinding health coverage once an individual is covered under the plan
  - Exception for fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material fact
  - Unclear how this impacts mistaken enrollments or a plan amendment that prospectively eliminates coverage for a group of individuals

- 60-Day Prior Notice of Material Modification
  - Creates timing and notification issues for changes associated with the annual enrollment process
  - Prevents employers from immediately changing plan terms during a plan year
  - Paired with a new \$1,000-per-participant penalty for each willful failure to meet the new 60-day advance notice requirement

- Nondiscrimination Testing
  - Applies existing Internal Revenue Code section 105(h) nondiscrimination rules to insured health plans
  - Much more difficult to offer new insured health plans to a small group of executives
  - Penalty will be a \$100 per day excise tax
  - See "Grandfather Rules" below

- Preventive Services
  - Plans must cover certain preventive services such as immunizations and infant preventive care and screenings without cost to the employee
  - See "Grandfather Rules" below for the application of this rule to grandfathered plans

- Appeals and Reviews
  - Must adopt ERISA-like claims and appeals processes
  - Guarantees the receipt of benefits during the appeals process
  - Requires an external review process
  - See "Grandfather Rules" below for the application of this rule to grandfathered plans

- Primary Care Physicians
  - Plans must permit designation of any participating primary care provider
  - Special rules for:
    - Emergency services
    - Pediatric care
    - Ob/Gyn care
  - See "Grandfather Rules" below for the application of this rule to grandfathered plans

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- Grandfather Rules
  - Limited provisions/narrowed by Reconciliation
  - Individuals who were enrolled in a plan as of March 23, 2010
    - Family members and new employees
  - Sunsets, for collectively bargained plans, on the date the last related collective bargaining agreement terminates
  - Significant open questions

- Form W-2 Reporting
  - Report the aggregate cost of employer-provided group health coverage
  - Excludes coverage through an Archer MSA, an HSA, or employee salary reductions to a FSA
  - Determined under COBRA-like rules

- Over-the-Counter Drug Prohibition
  - Ends the tax-advantaged treatment of most overthe-counter drugs
  - Applies to HSAs, Archer MSAs, FSAs or HRAs
  - Still acceptable for prescribed drugs (even overthe-counter) or insulin

- HSA and Archer MSA Penalty Increase
  - Additional tax for nonmedical HSA and Archer MSA distributions boosted to 20%
  - Revenue source to pay for Healthcare Reform
- Small Employer "Simple" Cafeteria Plans
  - Employers with 100 or fewer employees
  - Escapes nondiscrimination testing requirements as long as the employer satisfies minimum eligibility, participation and contribution requirements

- "CLASS Act" (Community Living Assistance Services and Supports Act)
  - National employee-funded long-term care benefit
  - Voluntary, but default enrollment encouraged
  - Widely criticized funding approach and benefit levels

- Research Trust Fund Fee
  - All plans, starting with plan or policy years ending after September 30, 2012, will have to pay a \$2 per participant or enrollee fee (\$1 for fiscal year 2013) to finance the Patient-Centered Outcomes Research Trust Fund
  - Fee ends in 2019 and contains exceptions for certain exempt governmental programs

- Uniform Explanation of Coverage
  - Secretary of HHS to develop standards summarizing plan benefits
    - No more than four pages
    - 12-point type
  - Must be distributed to plan participants, written in a "culturally and linguistically appropriate manner" and distributed to new participants
  - New \$1,000 per participant penalty for each willful failure to distribute the summary

- Flexible Spending Account Limit
  - Caps the maximum health flexible spending account salary deferral at \$2,500
  - Indexed for years beginning in 2014
  - Excludes true employer matching or other employer contributions to an FSA
- Employer Notice Regarding Exchange
  - Inform employees about:
    - Exchanges starting in 2014
    - If employer subsidizes 60% of the cost of coverage
    - How purchasing coverage through an Exchange may end employer subsidy

#### **Unclear Effective Date**

- Automatic Enrollment
  - Employers required to automatically enroll new employees in their health plans (subject to a waiting period)
  - Apparently adopt an Evergreen approach to OE default for current plan participants
  - Perhaps it will begin in 2013 or 2012?

- Many more items to come starting in 2014
- Watch for our next LawFlash and related Webinar!

# **Questions?**

#### **Contact Information**



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