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NAVIGATING THE NEXT

Don't Be Caught Offside: Immigration in the Sports Industry

Shannon Donnelly, Louise Skinner, Yvette Allen, and Jennifer Connolly June 10, 2021

Presenters



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Louise Skinner

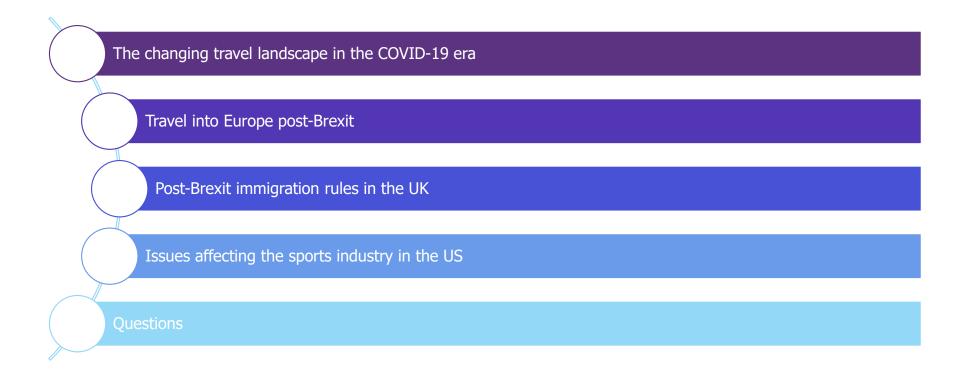


Yvette Allen



Jennifer Connolly

Today's agenda





Travel landscape in the COVID-19 era

- Travel restrictions most countries still have partial bans
- Quarantine requirements vary across the world but have been replaced by proof of negative COVID-19 test results, or vaccination and/or health certificate in some countries
- **Health assessments -** on-arrival health questionnaires and health assessments have become common practice
- **Rapid changes** individuals considering travel and employers considering changes to work arrangements or staffing should seek case-specific advice



COVID-19 and entry into the UK

- The UK is currently operating a 'traffic light' system, depending upon where the traveller has been in the 10 days prior to arrival
- These rules do not relate to the traveler's nationalty, and a full a visa assessment is also required

Green list - present a negative COVID-19 test taken in the 3 days prior to arrival and take a further COVID-19 test on or before day 2. No quarantine requirements unless the test is positive.

Amber list - present a negative COVID-19 test taken in the 3 days prior to arrival, quarantine at a private address or hotel for 10 days, and take 2 further COVID-19 tests. Test to release available in England after day 5.

Red list – travel is banned except for British/Irish nationals and those with a right to live in the UK. Present a negative COVID-19 test taken in the 3 days prior to arrival, quarantine in a government-managed hotel for 10 days, and take 2 further COVID-19 tests.

Elite sport exemption

International sportsperson

- International elite sportspersons and essential ancillary organizational or support staff can participate in a <u>specified list of UK-based elite sport</u> <u>competitions</u> without having to selfisolate
- May travel between multiple venue locations

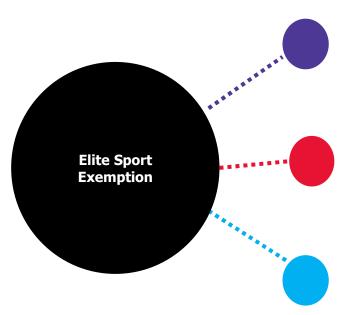
Domestic sportsperson

- Domestic elite sportspersons and ancillary sportspersons are required to self-isolate apart from when:
 - competing in or training for an elite sports event;
 - 2. providing essential support to a domestic elite sportsperson in their competition or training; or
 - 3. providing essential operational support to the running of an elite sports event.

Ancillary sportspersons

- operational staff essential to the running of an elite sports event;
- event officials and referees;
- sports team medical, logistical, technical, and administration staff;
- individual sportsperson medical and technical support staff;
- horse grooms and trainers;
- motorsport mechanics and technical staff;
- the parent or carer of an elite sportsperson under the age of 18; and
- incoming international media members who are accredited to cover specified competitions in the UK

Practical considerations and examples

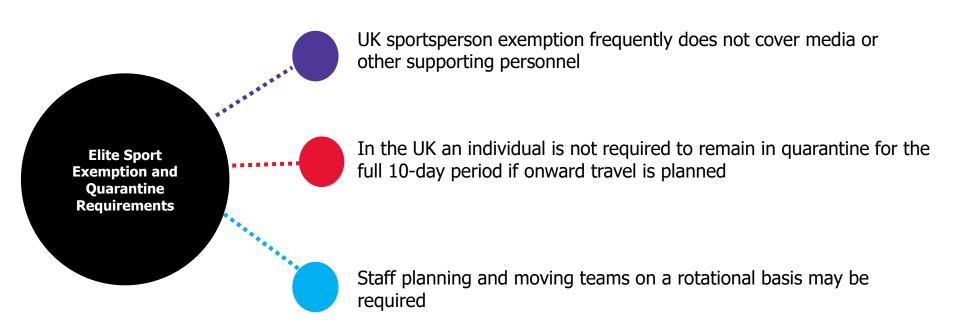


Written evidence from UK or English governing body of sport required

Unless the event is listed as a specified competition, any international elite sportspersons or supporting staff will need to self-isolate for 10 days before they can participate

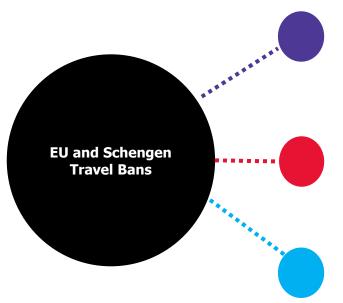
Can take up to 6 weeks for the Department for Digital, Culture, Media & Sport to consider whether to add an event to the specified list

Practical considerations and examples





COVID-19 and entry into Europe

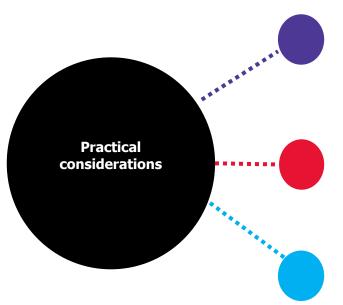


All EU member states initially agreed on a coordinated approach to the restriction of free movement in response to the coronavirus pandemic. This included a color code for the classification of regions, based on the epidemiological situation in each country.

All countries have now adoped slightly different requirements that can change very quickly.

Many member states still have travel bans in place for all but essential, highly skilled individuals.

Practical considerations and examples



Many long-standing international events have had their COVID-19 and health and safety policies/protocols approved by governments, thereby allowing travel for specified professional atheletes, officials, and essential supporting staff

This is often not the case for first-time/smaller events or for supporting organizations of international events

As travel starts to open up, we have been advising on the country-specific requirements



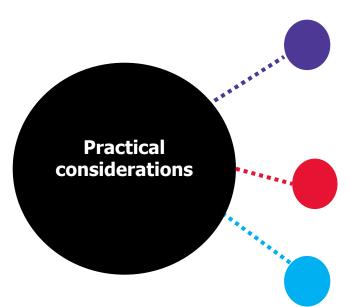
COVID-19 impacts on sports industry

- Country travel bans
- Consular capacity
- In-bound negative testing requirements (and possible outbound)
- State travel and quarantine restrictions are easing
- State guidelines related to sporting events are more welcoming

COVID-19 and entry into the US

- In January 2021, the country-specific travel bans were reinstated by the Biden administration (Presidential Proclamation 10143) and have not yet expired.
- Professional athletes continue to be recognized by the US Department of Homeland Security as eligible travelers in the US national interest.
- As of March 2021, the OFO Coronavirus Coordination Cell (CCC) which is managing the National Interest Exception (NIE) application process for professional athletes, issued new guidelines for professional sports—related travel. All leagues, whether approved under past presidential proclamations, will be required to submit additional information for league approval prior to additional athlete NIE waiver requests being considered.
- Certain athletes and certain essential staff (e.g. trainers and coaches) continue to be eligible to apply for NIEs to travel bans. Athletes may continue to receive 1 year exemptions, but support staff and depdendents are being issued single-entry NIE's valid for 30 days.
- As part of the NIE application, leagues must provide information outlining how their athletes and certain eligible support personnel will strictly adhere to CDC guidelines for international travel and the CDC protocols upon arrival in the US (e.g. pre-departure negative COVID testing, postarrival quarantine).

Practical considerations and examples



NIEs are discretionary and not guaranteed. For those in need of an NIE and not covered by the league (i.e., production teams, tournament promotors, or hosts), start well in advance of tourmanent or game dates to make sure you have time to secure the NIE. If the consulate takes too long to adjudicate NIE, you may be able to apply for the NIE to CBP with evidence of consular NIE submission.

Consulates are unique in approach and capacity.

For those requiring visas, visa appointments are being issued in most jurisdictions for 2022. The only way to get an earlier appointment is to request an emergency appointment. Emergency appointments may be issued for many of the NIEs.



Post-Brexit immigration in the European Union



- Freedom of movement ended for UK citizens, except into Ireland on December 31, 2020 at the end of the Brexit transition period
- UK nationals can no longer travel and work freely in Europe based on their UK passport



- UK nationals currently working in the EU may have the ability to obtain an Article 50 Permit or Frontier Worker Permit
- New UK hires in the EU may be subject to immigration schemes for non-EU citizens



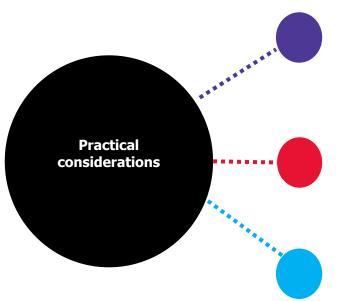
Country-specific, and not all member states have provided full guidance yet

Post-Brexit immigration in the European Union

- The EU-UK Trade Agreement business visitor rules set out the activities that British nationals can undertake without requiring a work permit.
- Many EU member states have adopted the EU-UK Trade and Co-operation Agreement business rule which sets out activities that short-term business visitors are permitted to engage in. Examples include:

meetings and consultations	sales and purchasing
research and design	after-sales or after-lease services
marketing research	commercial transactions
training seminars	trade fairs and exhibitions

Practical considerations and examples



An assessment should be conducted as early as possible to determine whether the travel is permitted business travel or whether a work permit is required

Sport-related business visitor activities do not squarely fit within the rules and direct outreach to the relevant consulate is often required

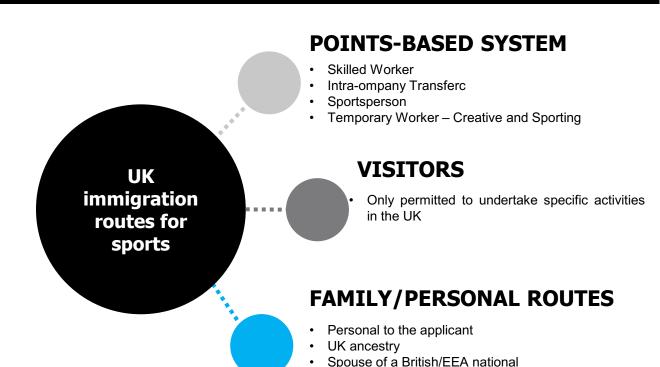
Must have 6 months remaining on passport when traveling



UK immigration routes for the sports industry

Effective 1 January 2021, the new immigration system applies to EU citizens and non-EU citizens equally.

EEA and Swiss nationals who lawfully entered the UK before 31 December 2020 are able to remain in the UK indefinitely. They will be required to make an application under the EU Settlement Scheme before 30 June 2021.



The points-based system

Skilled Worker

- Individuals who wish to come to the UK for the purpose of working in a skilled job they have been offered.
 - Minimum skill level: RQF level 3;
 - ➤ English language requirement; and
 - Minimum salary requirement: higher of the going rate for the SOC code and the general salary threshold of £25,600

Intracompany Transfer

- An existing employee of an overseas office who needs to be transferred to the UK branch for training purposes or to fill a vacancy either on a long-term basis or for frequent short visits.
 - Minimum skill level: RQF level 6;
 - ➤ Must have worked for the overseas entity for at least 12 months prior to the date of the application (unless the salary is above £73,900)
 - Minimum salary requirement: higher of the going rate for the SOC code and the general salary threshold of £41,500

Sportsperson and Temporary Worker

Governing Body Endorsement

Certificate of Sponsorship from A-Rated Sponsor

Visa Application

Business travel

- Non-visa national visitors (including EEA nationals) are permitted entry at the border for up to 6 months. Visa nationals must obtain visitor visa prior to travel.
- Permitted activities include business meetings, talks and speeches, negotiating and sign deals and contracts, etc.
- Work is prohibited.

Business travel – sport

- A sportsperson may:
 - a) take part in a sports tournament or sports event as an individual or part of a team; and
 - b) make personal appearances and take part in promotional activities; and
 - c) take part in trials provided they are not in front of a paying audience; and
 - d) take part in short periods of training, provided they are not being paid by a UK sporting body; and
 - e) join an amateur team or club to gain experience in a particular sport if they are an amateur in that sport.
- Personal or technical staff of the sportsperson, or sports officials, may support
 these activities if they are attending the same event as the sportsperson and are
 employed to work for the sportsperson outside the UK.

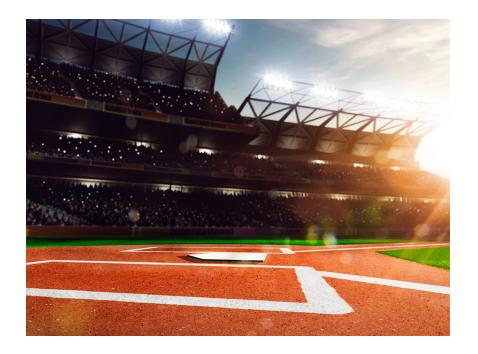
Practical considerations and examples

- It is important to undertake a full visa assessment for the individual traveling to the UK, and considerations should be given to:
 - The duration of stay;
 - The frequency of their visits;
 - The activities they will be undertaking;
 - Their role within the sports organization and the salary on offer;
 - Their previous working relationship with the sportsperson/organization;
 - Whether they will be employed in the UK or overseas; and
 - Their previous experience.



What's next?

- Return to elite sport and spectator sport globally
- Country-by-country basis analysis required
- Key takeaway advance planning required

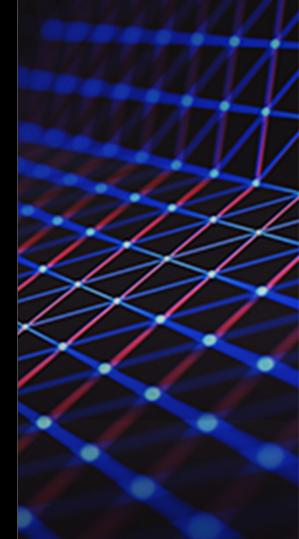


Coronavirus COVID-19 Resources

We have formed a multidisciplinary **Coronavirus/COVID-19 Task Force** to help guide clients through the broad scope of legal issues brought on by this public health challenge.

To help keep you on top of developments as they unfold, we also have launched a resource page on our website at www.morganlewis.com/topics/coronavirus-covid-19

If you would like to receive a daily digest of all new updates to the page, please visit the resource page to subscribe using the purple "Stay Up to Date" button.





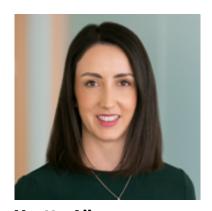
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