Morgan Lewis

STARTUP& ACCELERATE

Seed Financing and Early Stage Financing for Startups: Introduction to Angels, SAFEs, Convertible Notes and Venture Capital

April 4, 2024 | 12:00 PM ET Michael Barron, Andy Hamilton, and Zach Zemlin

Presenters



Michael Barron
Partner, Emerging
Business and
Technology Practice



Andrew Hamilton
Partner, Emerging
Business and
Technology Practice



Zachary ZemlinAssociate, Corporate & Business Transactions

Morgan Lewis

Founders' Agreements

What is a Founders' Agreement?

- Typical Provisions:
 - Governance (e.g., how to elect the Board and who the officers will be; protective provisions)
 - Transferability of Shares (e.g., ROFR in favor of the Company or other founders; tag along rights)
 - Buyouts (e.g., death, disability or termination)
 - Drag Along
 - Market Standoff



Do you need a Founders' Agreement?

Establishes roles and responsibilities

Guidance in certain circumstances (e.g., a founder wants to sell, a founder is no longer able to dedicate the same amount of time to the business)

Protects minority stockholders

Helps stabilize the Company in the event of the departure of a founder

Alternatives to Founders' Agreement

Corporations

- Bylaws
 - For a Right of First Refusal in favor of the Company and Transfer Restrictions
- Restricted Stock Purchase Agreements
 - For Vesting and Market Standoff

Limited Liability Companies

• Operating Agreement



What Happens to the Founders' Agreement upon a VC Financing?

- Founders' Agreement will likely be superseded by:
 - Investors' Rights Agreement
 - Voting Agreement
 - Right of First Refusal and Co-Sale Agreement

- Consider:
 - Amendment Provision
 - Terminates upon a VC Financing



Considerations in Structuring Seed Financings

Considerations in Structured Seed Financings



Who are the Investors and What are their Preferences?



How Much Capital is Being Invested?



What are the Costs?

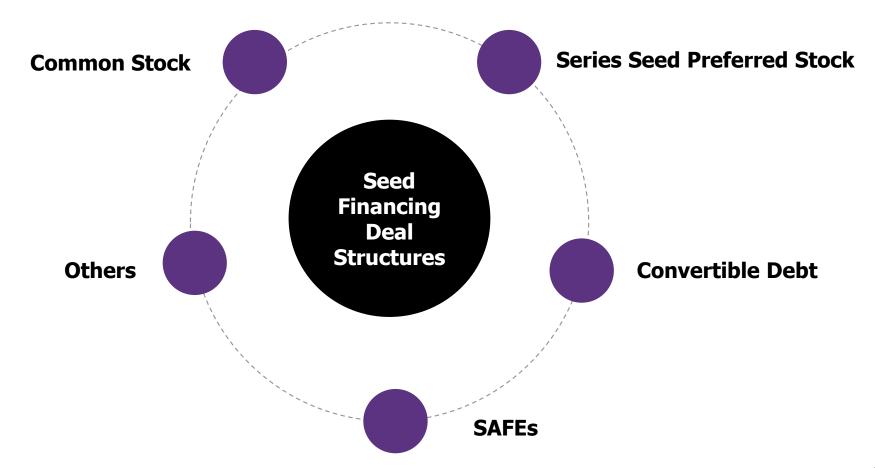


What is the Timing?



Any Specific Considerations?

Seed Financing Deal Structures



Morgan Lewis

Common Stock

Common Stock

What is It?

Most basic form of equity

What are the Terms?

- Generally, to elect directors, receive any dividends, share in any proceeds upon liquidation
- Generally, no special "investor-style" rights

What are the Advantages?

- Low transaction costs
- From the company's perspective, investors have very limited economic and control rights

What are the Disadvantages?

 From the investor's perspective, investors have very limited economic and control rights

When is it Used?

- Founder financings
- Maybe friends and family financings

Series Seed Preferred Stock

Series Seed Preferred Stock

What is It?

A "special" form of equity

What are the Terms?

 Liquidation Preference, Dividends, Pre-emptive Rights, Board Representation, Protective Provisions, Information Rights, Access Rights, and More

What are the Advantages?

- From the investor's perspective, a negotiated set of specific economic and control rights
- From the company's perspective, the ability to attract smart money

What are the Disadvantages?

- Higher transaction costs
- · Longer time to closing

When is it Used?

- Venture capital financings
- Sophisticated angel financings

Convertible Debt

Convertible Debt

What is It?

A debt security that may convert into an equity security

What are the Terms?

- Principal Amount, Interest Rate, Maturity Date, Discount, Valuation Cap
- Conversion Features (Qualified Financing, Non-Qualified Financing, Change of Control, Maturity

What are the Advantages?

- Punts the valuation conversation, if no Valuation Cap
- Low transaction costs
- Shorter time to closing

What are the Disadvantages?

- From the investor's perspective, their stockholder rights are not yet set
- From the company's perspective, the debt could mature and become due and payable

When is it Used?

Very Often (especially in smaller raises and earlier raises)

SAFES

Morgan Lewis

SAFEs

What is It?

"Simple" Agreement for Future Equity

What are the Terms?

• Similar to a note with no interest or maturity

What are the Advantages?

- Theoretically low transaction costs
- · Theoretically shorter time to closing

What are the Disadvantages?

• From the investor's perspective, an irrevocable commitment of capital with a hope of fair treatment in the future

When is it Used?

 Incubator financings, very early financings, very small financings, West Coast deals

Founder Preferred Stock

Founder Preferred Stock

What is It?

• A "special" form of common stock

What are the Terms?

- Identical to common stock, except...
- If it is sold in a secondary sale transaction in connection with a preferred stock financing (e.g. Series Seed), it automatically converts into that series of Preferred Stock

What are the Advantages?

- From the company's perspective, same as common stock
- From the founder's perspective, it provides the founder with future liquidity

What are the Disadvantages?

 From the company's perspective, it can reduce the proceeds from a preferred stock financing

When is it Used?

Founder financings

Rule 506(c) Financings

Rule 506(c) Financings

- Type of equity financing that permits general solicitation and advertising...with one catch
- All investors who participate must be "accredited investors" and the issuer must take "reasonable steps to verify" that its investors are "accredited investors"
- The verification process can be handled by the Company or by certain online platforms
- For some early-stage companies, the costs of verifying "accredited investor" status may outweigh the benefits
- Also, "accredited investors" may not be interested in a financing round that involved a general solicitation – they want a referral from someone in their network

Questions?

Biography



Michael Barron
Partner
T +1.617.951.8850
michael.barron@morganlewis.com

Michael K. Barron represents life sciences and technology companies and advises companies, entrepreneurs, and investors in the areas of formation and governance, early and later stage debt and equity financings, mergers and acquisitions, employment and executive compensation, and intellectual property matters, including trademark and technology licensing.

Michael serves on the board and as general counsel to several trade associations that focus on promoting and developing companies and professionals in the life sciences and technology industries. One of these organizations is the Massachusetts Innovation & Technology Exchange (MITX), a trade association, which is now a part of the Greater Boston Chamber of Commerce, serving more than 7,000 New England professionals involved in Internet and digital technologies industry. Michael founded MITX in 1995 to help promote the development and growth of the Internet and digital technologies industry in New England.

Biography



Andrew Hamilton
Partner
T +1.215.963.4837
andrew.hamilton@morganlewis.com

Andrew Hamilton is a transactional lawyer who focuses his practice on representing clients in venture capital, private equity, and mergers and acquisitions transactions in a wide variety of industries, including technology, life sciences, consumer products, digital health, energy, clean technology, and fintech. Involved in the successful representation of many businesses, Andrew strives to develop a trusted advisor relationship with clients. In this role, an important aspect of his work involves providing advice on strategies and preparation for a sale or exit event, whether anticipated in the short or long term, and Andrew often handles the ultimate sale or exit transaction for clients he has represented for many years.

Biography



Zachary ZemlinAssociate
T +1.617.951.8395
zachary.zemlin@morganlewis.com

Zachary Zemlin represents public and private companies in a broad range of industries, including biotechnology, medical devices, software, and fintech. Zach has experience counseling clients on mergers and acquisitions, venture capital and other private equity financings, joint ventures, and corporate governance matters. He regularly advises startups through formation and growth strategies, as well as on general corporate and governance matters.

Our Global Reach

Africa Latin America Asia Pacific Middle East North America Europe

Our Locations

Abu Dhabi Munich New York Almaty Orange County Astana

Beijing Paris

Philadelphia **Boston** Pittsburgh Brussels Princeton Century City San Francisco Chicago

Dallas Seattle Shanghai Dubai Shenzhen Frankfurt Silicon Valley Hartford Singapore Hong Kong

Washington, DC London

Wilmington Los Angeles

Miami

Houston







Tokyo

THANK YOU

© 2024 Morgan Lewis

Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP, a Pennsylvania limited liability partnership
Morgan Lewis Stamford LLC is a Singapore law corporation affiliated with Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP.
Morgan, Lewis & Bockius UK LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales under number OC378797 and is a law firm authorised and regulated by the Solicitors Regulation Authority. The SRA authorisation number is 615176.
Our Beijing, Shanghai, and Shenzhen offices operate as representative offices of Morgan, Lewis & Bockius LLP.
In Hong Kong, Morgan, Lewis & Bockius is a separate Hong Kong general partnership registered with The Law Society of Hong Kong.

This material is provided for your convenience and does not constitute legal advice or create an attorney-client relationship. Prior results do not guarantee similar outcomes. Attorney Advertising.